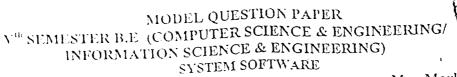
Samivas instituto of Tegranium: Crorary, Mangalia



Time: 3 Hrs Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer any Five Complete questions

	а	Explain different Instruction formats used in SIC/XE machine.	ა
	ь	Write a Sequence of instructions for SIC/XE to clear a 20 byte string to	6
		all blanks, use immediate addressing and register-to-register instructions	
		to make process as efficient as possible	
	c	Explain the addressing modes of power PC architecture	S
	a	Bring out the differences between CISC and RISC machine Architecture	4
	b	Explain the algorithm of a pass 2 of two pass assemblers	10
	c	What is the difference between a literal and an intermediate operand?	6
		explain with an example	
3	a	Give the Format for the following record necessary to obtain object	12
		code	
		Header Record	
		Text Record	
	•	Refer Record	
		Define Record	
		 Modification Record(Revised) 	
		End Record	
	b.	Explain the algorithm of a pass1 of linking loader	8
4	a	Differentiate between Dynamic Linking & Linking Editor; also write	: 8
•		advantages & disadvantages of both.	
	b	With example explain Keyword parameters	6
	С	Explain function of macro processing within language translators	ó
5	a	Explain Lexical analysis phase of a Compiler?	6
	Ъ	Define pass tree? Construct the parse tree for the following statement	ó
		Variance = sumsq/DIV100-mean*mean	

18.

		Variance = sumsq/DIV100-mean*mean	
	c	Explain Recursive Descent parsing with example?	S
6	а	Explain any two machine independent compiler features	10
	þ	Briefly explain interactive Debugging Systems	10
7	a	Explain the Meta Characters used in Regular expression with an example	8
	b	Explain the conflicts in YACC with example	6
	c	Write YACC program to evaluate the arithmetic expression having the operators +, -, *, /	6
8		Write a Short Notes on the following	
		MASM Assemblers	
		P-Code Compilers	

Linking Loader

Recursive macro Expansion.

Pages: 2) (CRARY) H

FIFTH SEMESTER B.E. (COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING) DEGREE OF INFORMATION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING DEGREE OF EXAMINATION, MARCH 2001

SYSTEM SOFTWARE

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer any five complete questions.

1. (a) Bring out the differences between system software and application software

(4 marks)

(b) Briefly discuss the various instruction formats available in SIC/XE machine architecture.

(6 marks)

- (c) With reference to cray T3E architecture, explain the following:-
 - (i) Memory.

(ii) Registers.

Stimivas misting

(iii) Instruction formats. .

(iv) Addressing modes.

Library, Manualore

(v) Input and output.

(10 marks)

2. (a) Enlist the various assembler features that are machine-dependent and machine-independent. Explain any one of them from each.

(10 marks)

(b) Generate the complete object program for the following assembly level program. Assume suitable machine equivalents for the mnemonic opcodes.

_		
SUM	START	0000
FIRST	LDX	# 0
	LDA	# 0
***	+ LDB	#.TABLE 2
	BASE	TABLE 2
LOOP	ADD	TABLE, X
	ADD	TABLE 2, X
	TIX	COUNT
	JLT	LOOP
	+ STA	TOTAL
	RSUB	
COUNT	RESW	1
TABLE	RESW	2000
TABLE 2	RESW	2000
TOTAL	RESW	. 1
	END	FIRST

(10 marks)

3. (a) Briefly explain a simple boot-strap loader, with an algorithm or a source program. (10 marks)

(b) Discuss, how an object program is processed using:

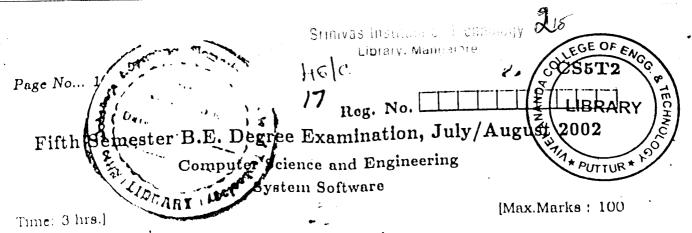
(i) Linking loader.

(ii) Linkage editor.

(10 marks)

Turn over

4. (a) Briofly describe the strategies				US-5T2
4. (a) Briofly describe the significant and other X86 systems.	nt ioutures	of the micro	osoft MS-DOS I	inker för pontlum
1000.1	P. SHAROL IN	OFFARITA	A XIII	111
(b) List the important four tasks user-computer dialogue.	to be accon	nplished by	a text editor fo	(10 marks) or an interactive-
				•
(c). Write a note on the aspect of t	iser-interfe	r.: In amitonia l	n a tout - 11t.	(6 marks)
5. (a) With regard to the		e criteria i.	n a text editor.	(4 marks)
5. (a) With regard to the machine following:—			processor featu	res, explain the
(i) Contention of macr	o paramete	ra.		
(ii) Generation of unique I	abels.		,	
(iii) Conditional macro exp	ansion.			
(iv) Keyword macro param	eters. `	ega bana 2000 a		•
(b) With an illustration of the		•		(12 marks)
(b) With an illustrative example, de macro processor.	scribo tho m	ucto brocoss	sing features of 1	nicrosoft MASM
Triangle 1	•		and the street	
6. (a) With regard to machine-depen	dont "			(8 marks)
6. (a) With regard to machine-depen representing a program in an ir	uent compi itermediato	form	s, explain one c	common way of
		TOTAL.	; ,,·	
(b) How the following factors govern	n the compil	ar dacian 2		(10 marks)
(i) Division into passes.	manifer of the	cr design t	The stringer	t Atr
(ii) Storage allocation.	$\mathcal{H}^{-1}(t)$	I · (A) !	****	** ***
				(10
7. (a) What are LEX and YACC tools?	Explain.	5.1		(10 marks)
(b) Give the LEX and YACC specific	ations to rec	comise the	grammer latht	(8 marks)
		1. V:	Brannier la D	
8. Write short notes on the following:-	9.100 5 5	GOVA 1	136715 1	(12 marks)
(a) ALA assembler		8240	• .	•
(b) Debugging facilities in text e	ditor	1.		
(C) ELENA magna massa.		Ett.		
(d) Compiler-compilers.	Trans.	• •	4.3	
		;		
	•	trib tri	$\gamma_{ij} = \frac{1}{(ij)^{-1}} (4 \times 1)$	5 = 20 marks)
:	1114	Walter	अ भारत	
		Ar भूच	and the first	•
-		*		,
	e	•		



Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

	2. All questions carry equal marks.	
1.	and the local motion formats & addressing modes of SIC/XE machine	8 Marks)
	(b) Write an assembly program for SIC/XE to set array elements to converge of the array element is less than 16 or else set to 1 [Assumi	, if the
	(c) Discuss the features of power PC Architecture.	(5 Marks)
2.		(6 Marks)
-	(b) Write an algorithm for pass 2 of an assembler.	(6 Marks)
	(c) Explain machine-independent features of assembler.	(8 Marks)
3.	1 mulain the algorithm for hoot strap loader.	(6 Marks)
٠.	(b) Discuss the features of linkage editors.	(6 Marks)
	(c) Define dynamic linking. Explain dynamic linking with diagrams. about its advantages.	Discuss (8 Marks)
4	. (n) Give and explain the algorithm for a one pass macro processor.	(10 Marks)
	(b) Explaina) General purpose macroprocessor.b) Conditional macroprocessor.	(5 Marks)
5		(10 Marks)
J	(b) Discuss the following compiler features. a) Block-structured languages. b) Storage allocation.	(5 Marks)
C	3. (a) What is an interpreter? Explain the features.	(4 Marks)
	(b) Explain editor structure with a neat diagram.	(8 Marks)
	(c) Explain the features of interactive debugging systems.	(8 Marks)
•	7. (a) Discuss about the structure of lex & yacc program.	(6 Marks)
	(b) Write a lex program to validate a given 'C' identifier.	(T Marks)
	(c) Write a yacc program to evaluate arithmetic expressions.	(7 Marks)
	8. (a) Write notes on the following:	
	(a) AIX Assembler.	•
	(b) MS-DOS linker.(c) Masm Macro processor.(d) Compiler - compiler.	(20 Marks)

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Reg. No.

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Februare
Computer Science and Engineering

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

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Max Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1. (a) Explain the addressing modes of SIC/XE machine.

(6 Marks)

- (b) Write an assembly program on SIC/XE machine to implement block move from a memory address Λ1 to another address Λ2, without overlap. (7 Marks)
- (c) Discuss the features of CISC (VAX) machines.

(7 Marks)

- 2. (a) Give the algorithm or program of a bootstrap loader.
 - (b) How is relocation done using the following?i) Modification records ii) Bit masks

(10 Marks)

(10 Marks)

- 3. (a) Explain any four assembler directives with an example for each.
- (10 Marks)

(b) Explain the algorithm of a one-pass assembler.

(10 Marks)

4. (a) How does a Z-pass linking loader algorithm work?

(10 Marks)

(b) Discuss dynamic linking with suitable diagrams.

(10 Marks)

- 5. (a) Explain with examples:
 - i) Concatenation of macro parameters.
 - Generation of unique labels.
 - iii) Recursive macro expansion.

(12 Marks)

- (b) What is a grammar & a parse tree as applicable to compilers?
- (8 Marks)
- 6. (a) Give recursive descent parsing algorithm for an assignment statement.

(10 Marks)

(b) Discuss the code generation phase in a compiler.

- (10 Marks)
- 7. (a) How does a compiler deal with a block structured language?
- (12 Marks)
- (b) Write a lex program to remove uppercase letters & white spaces in a file.
 - (8 Marks)

(20 Marks)

- 8. Write short notes on any FOUR
 - I) Sun OS linker
- II) Storage allocation
- III) YACC
- ly) Interpreter

v) P-code compilers

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Reg. No.

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January/Febr

Computer Science and Engineering

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max.Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) Bring out the difference between system software and application software. (4 Marks)
 - (b) Explain SIC/XE machine instruction formats and all addressing modes, (10 Marks) clearly indicating setting of flag bits.
 - (c) With reference to pentium pro architecture explain
 - Registers i)
 - ii) Memory
 - iii) Instruction set

(6 Marks)

- 2. (a) What are Assembler Directives? Explain START and LTORG.
- (4 Marks)
- (b) Briefly explain data structures required for a simple Assembler.
- (6 Marks)
- (c) Generate object code for the below SIC/XE assembly language program. Also show the contents of symbol table at the end of Assembly process.

SUM	START	4000
	LDX	# O
	LDA	# 0
	BASE	COUNT
	ADD	TABLE, X
	TIX	COUNT
	${ m JIT}$	LOOP
-1 -	STA	${ t TOTAL}$
	RSUB	
TOTAL	RESW	1
TABLE	RESW	4000
COUNT	RESW	1
	END	

Assume below OP codes (all in hexadecimal)

JLT - 38 LDX - 04 STA - 0C LDA - 00 ADD - 18 RSUB - 4C TIX - 2C

(10 Marks)

- 3. (a) Explain different methods for specifying relocation as a part of object (6 Marks) program.
 - (b) Explain Dynamic linking.

(4 Marks)

(c) Write the algorithm for 2 - pass linking loader.

(10 Marks)

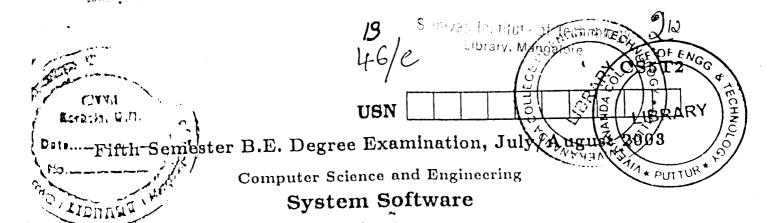
4. (a) Write the algorithm for 1 - pass macro processor.

(10 Marks)

(b) Using the following macro definition, expand the 2 macro calls, which are called in a sequence.

CS5T2

```
F1, BUFFER, LENGTH, 00, 1024
       i)
                    RDBUFF
      ii)
          LOOP
                    RDBUFF
                                F2, BUFFER, LTH
       RDBUFF
                       MACRO & INDEV. & BUFADR, & RECLTH,
                       & EOR, & MAXLTH
                      IF (& FOR NE")
       &EORCK
                       SET
                              1
                       ENDIF
                       CLEAR
                                 X
                       CLEAR
                             & EORCK = EQ 1)
                       LDCH
                               = X'\& FOR'
                       RMO
                               A,S
                      ENDIFF
                      IF (& MAXLTH EQ ")
                      \mathrm{LDT}
                              ₩ 4090
                       ELSE
                  4-
                      LDT
                              # MAXLTH
                      ENDIF
       $ LOOP
                      TD
                            = X' INDEV'
                             $ LOOP
                      _{
m JEQ}
                             = X' \& INDEV'
                      RD
                      IF
                            (& EORCK EQ 1)
                      COMPR , A, S
                             $ EXIT
                      _{
m JEQ}
                      ENDIF
                      STCH
                               & BUFADR, X
                      TIXR
                             $ LOOP
                      _{
m JLT}
       $ EXIT
                              & RECLTH
                      STX
                      MEND
                                                                     (10 Marks)
5. (a) Explain lexical phase of a compiler.
                                                                      .(# Mark=)
   (b) Explain operator precedence parser.
   (c) Write Recursive Descent Parser Procedure for write statement, whose
       grammar is
           < write > ::= WRITE(< id - list >)
           \langle id - list \rangle ::= id\{,id\}
                                                                      (8 Marks)
6. (a) Explain different machine-dependent code optimization techniques. (10 Marks)
   (b) How does a compiler deal with Block structured languages.
7. (a) With a neat diagram, explain the structure of a text editor.
                                                                     (10 Marks)
   (b) Explain lex and yace tools. Write a lex program to count the number of
       signed integers and fractions.
      Write short notes on:
   (a) One-pass Assembler
   (b) Linkage Editor
 · (c) Debugging facilities in text editor
 (d) P-code compiler.
                                                                 (5×4=20 Marks)
```



Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

Time: 3 hrs.]

(c) Explain the program relocation with an example. (7 Marks)

3. (a) Explain a simple bootstrap loader. (10 Marks)

(b) Write an algorithm for pass 2 of linking loader. (10 Marks)

4. (a) Explain the concept of dynamic linking. (10 Marks)

(b) Explain the term linkage editors with example. (10 Marks)

5. (a) Explain any two machine independent macro processor features. (10 Marks)

(b) Explain the general purpose macro processors. (10 Marks)

6. (a) Explain the lexical analysis phase of compiler with suitable example.

(10 Marks)

[Max.Marks: 100

(b) Explain the operator - procedence parsing with an example. (10 Marks)

7. (a) Explain the concept of storage allocation. (10 Marks)

(b) Explain the block-structured languages. (10 Marks)

8. (a) Explain the general format of lex source with example. (8 Marks)

(b) Write a lex program that histograms the lengths of words, where a word is defined as a string of letters.

(6 Marks)

(c) Write a short note on "Yace" (6 Marks)

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USN

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January/February

Information science and Engineering

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max.Marks: 100

ZII.

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) Bring out the differences between system software and application software.

 (4 Marks)
 - (b) Briefly discuss the various instruction formats available in SIC / XE machine architecture.
 - (c) List different registers used in SIC / XE and their uses. (10 Marks)
- 2. (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of RISC system? (6 Marks)
 - (b) Explain the following with respect to SPARC machine
 i) overlap windows ii) data format iii) addressing modes (10 Marks)
 - (c) List the register set of Pentium Pro Architecture. (4 Marks)
- 3. (a) What are the data structures used in two pass assembler? List the permanent and temporary databases. (10 Marks)
 - (b) What is the displacement possible in case of base relative and PC relative addressing mode? Why is this restriction? (6 Marks)
 - (c) What are the difference between literal and immediate operand? How does the assembler handles literal operand? (4 Marks)
- 4. (a) Write two pass assemble algorithm. The following information needs to be considered while writing the algorithm. LC value, WORD, RESW, BYTE and RESB. Error messages need to maintained in terms of number or code.

 (12 Marks)
 - (b) When is a program called relocatable program? What is the problem if the program is not relocatable? Give an example of an instruction that does not support program relocation?

 (8 Marks)
- 5. (a) Write the difference between a linkage editor and a linkage loader. (5 Marks)
 - (b) Write a Bootstrap loader program for SIC / XE system. Write comments to explain the program. (10 Marks)
 - (c) Explain how relocation is indicated by mask bit. (5 Marks)
- 6. (a) Write the macro instruction definition format. (4 Marks)
 - (b) Write a macro program to save the contents of all the registers. Write the main program to call the above macro. Show also the macro expansion.
 - (c) List the data structures involved in one pass macro processor. Explain briefly each of them.

 (6 Marks)

Contd.... 2

Page No... 2

IS5B4

- 7. (a) Describe the following terms; Lexical Analysis, Syntax Analysis and Grammar. (6 Marks)
 - (b) Give an example to differentiate between syntax and semantics. (4 Marks)
- (c) Explain with an example shift reduce parsing. (10 Marks)
- 8. (a) Give the general format of LEX source and explain. (5 Marks)
 - (b) Write a LEX source program that finds the length of words. Where a word is defined as a string of letters.

 (5 Marks)
 - (c) List the Debuggers User Interface criteria.

(5 Marks)

(d) Write short notes on Text command oriented method.

(5 Marks)

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degr

Computer Science and Engineering

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.l

[Max.Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) Briefly explain the instruction formats and addressing nodes of SIC/XE computing system. (8 Marks)

 - (b) Develop an assembly level program for SIC/XE machine to sort the array elements in the descending order. Assume the array of 100 words. (7 Marks)
 - (c) Enlist and discuss the features of power PC architecture. (5 Marks)
- 2. (a) Discuss the program or the algorithm of a bootstrap loader. (10 Marks)
 - (b) Describe how relocation is accomplished using the following:
 - (10 Marks) Modification records ii) Bit masks.
- 3. (a) Discuss the need for a two pass assembler and explain the functions performed.
 - (b) Write an explanatory note on 'SUN OS-LINKER'. (6 Marks)
 - (c) Explain in brief, the capabilities of inter active system and explain debugging.
- 4. (a) Describe the important features of the Microsoft MS-DOS linker for pentium and X86 systems. (10 Marks)
 - (b) List four significant tasks to be performed by a text editor for an interactive (6 Marks) user computer dialogue and explain.
 - (c) Briefly explain the aspect of user interface criteria in a text editor. (4 Marks)
- 5. (a) Describe any two machine independent macro processor features. (10 Marks)
 - (b) Explain the general purpose macro processors. (10 Marks)
- 6. (a) Briefly discuss the different machine dependent code optimization techniques. (10 Marks)
 - (b) Describe how a compiler deals with block structured languages. (10 Marks)

Page No... 2

CS5T2

7. (a) Discuss about the structure of lex and yacc programs.

(0 Marks)

(b) Develop a lex program to validate an indentifier for any programming language that you are familiar with.

(7 Marks)

- (c) Write a yacc program to evaluate the arithmetic expressions. Consider all possible cases.
- 8. Write short notes on the following:

 $(5\times4=20 \text{ Marks})$

- i) ALX assembler
- ii) Debugging facilities in text editor
- iii) ELENA macro processor
- iv) P-Code compiler

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January/Febr

Computer Science and Engineering

(Old Scheme)

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.] Note: Answer any FIVE full questions. [Max.Marks: 100

1. (a) What are the differences between line editor and graphic editor? (5 Marks)

(b) Explain the different editor operation modes. (7 Marks)

(c) Give an algorithm for vertical scrolling in editor design. (8 Marks)

2. (a) List all the instructions that affect conditional flags in a SIC machine.

(5 Marks)

(b) Explain supervisor call (SVC interrupt) on SIC/XE machine. (8 Marks)

(c) Write a program for SIC/XE m/c to evaluate the expression 2A+6B=Z. Assume whatever is necessary and mention it clearly. Give comments.

(7 Marks)

3. (a) List all the assembler directives used in SIC/XE. Explain each one with (10 Marks) example.

(b) Write the first pan for a two pass assembler taking literal operands.(10 Marks)

4. (a) Is more than two passes required for an assembler? Give example and support your statement. (Limitations should not be considered). (10 Marks)

(b) Write an absolute loader algorithm. (5 Marks)

(c) How does the object program specify instruction to relocation loades? (5 Marks)

(10 Marks) 5. (a) Write a one-pass macro processor algorithm.

(b) List the different tables used for a macro processor. Explain their functions. (6 Marks)

(c) Explain dynamic linking loader function briefly. (4 Marks)

6. (a) Give an example to differentiate between syntax and semantics. (5 Marks)

(b) Write a recursive descent parsing algorithm for an assignment statement. (10 Marks)

(c) List the major differences between interpreter and compiler. (5 Marks)

Contd.... 2

7. (a) Explain code-generation process for the assignment statement $VARIANCE := SUMSQ\ DIV\ 100 - MEAN * MEAN.$

(10 Marks)

(b) How does a compiler search for the identifier in nested block?

(5 Marks)

(c) Write the code generation for two dimensional array.

(5 Marks)

'8. (a) Explain how the lexical analyzer recognize the IF statement.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{IF } (X > n) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \end{array}$

(10 Marks)

(b) Write a Y_{acc} program to recognize a valid arithmetic expression that uses +, -, |, *. The tokens are passed from a lex program. (10 Marks)

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January/February 2005

Library, Mains

BUHNIS

Computer Science / Information Science and Engineering

Systems Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max.Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) Explain different instruction formats used in SIC/XE machine. (6 Marks)
 - (b) With reference to pentium pro architecture, explain the following:
 - i) Memory ii) Register iii) Data format (8 Marks)
 - (c) Suppose that Alpha is an array of 100 words, write a sequence of instruction for SIC to set all 100 elements to zero.

 (6 Marks)
- 2. (a) Bring out the differences between CISC & RISC. (4 Marks)
 - (b) Enlist the various assembler features that are machine dependent and machine independent. Explain any one of them from each. (10 Marks)
 - (c) Write a note on MASM assembler. (6 Marks)
- 3. (a) Give the format for the following record necessary to obtain object code:

Header record

Text record

Refer record

Define record

Modification record (revised)

End record

(12 Marks)

- (b) With an example explain how program linking can be done. (8 Marks)
- 4. (a) With figure explain how loading & calling of a subroutine can be done using dynamic linking.

 (8 Marks)
 - (b) Explain with example concatenation of macro parameter and generation of unique lables.

 (8 Marks)
 - (c) What is the problem in invocation of macros within macros? Explain with an example.

 (4 Marks)
- 5. (a) What are the advantages & disadvantages of line-by-line microprocessor?

 (6 Marks)
 - (b) Explain the lexical analysis phase of compiler with example. (10 Marks)
 - (c) Give BNF grammar to recognise the following statements used in Pascal program:
 - i) the assignment statement
 - ii) Read statement

(4 Marks)

CS51

4

3. (a) Explain operator-precedence parsing with an example. (10 Marks)

(b) Explain briefly the following storage allocation used in compilation

- i) static storage allocation
- ii) automatic storage allocation.

(6 Marks)

(c) Briefly explain Debugging functions.

(4 Marks)

7. (a) Explain the meta characters used in regular expression with an example.

(8 Marks)

(b) Explain the conflicts in YACC with example.

(6 Marks)

- (c) Write YACC program to check whether the given string $b^n a^n (n > 0)$ is accepted by the grammer or not.

 (6 Marks)
- 8. Write short notes on the following:

(5×4=20 Marks)

- i) Compiler compiler
- ii) AIX assembler
- iii) ELENA macro processor
- iv) Linkage editor

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USN

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2005

bemester 2.2. 2 egr :

Computer Science / Information Science and Engineering

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

Page No... 1

[Max.Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) Explain data format, instruction format and addressing modes of SIC/XE machine architecture. (10 Marks)
 - (b) What are the fundamental functions that any assembler must perform? With suitable example explain any six assembler directives. (10 Marks)
- 2. (a) Explain the two major internal data structures used in simple assemblers.

 Give reason for using that data structures.

 (10 Marks)
 - (b) With required data structures & processing logic, explain the implementation of litarals within an assembler.

 (10 Marks)
- 3. (a) Explain the structure and design of one pass assemblers. (10 Marks)
 - (b) Explain the two methods for specifying relocation as a part of object program.

 (10 Marks)
- 4. (a) What do you mean by dynamic linking? Explain the process of loading and calling of subroutine using dynamic linking.

 (10 Marks)
 - (b) What is an interactive editor? Explain the structure of a typical editor.

 (10 Marks)
- 5. (a) Explain the different debugging functions and debugging capabilities.

(10 Marks)

- (b) What is the work of microprocessors? Explain the basic concept of macro processing.

 (10 Marks)
- 6. (a) Explain the basic functions of a simple one-pass compiler in brief. (10 Marks)
 - (b) What is compiler compilers? Explain the process of using typical compiler-compiler. Mention advantages & disadvantages.

(10 Marks)

Contd.... 2

Page No... 2

- 7. (a) What is a regular expression? Briefly explain all the characters that form regular expression. (14 Marks)
 - (b) Explain the three basic sections of lex program.

(6 Marks)

- 8. Write a short note on the following:
 - a) RISC V/s CISC
 - b) SPARC assembler
 - c) Bootstrap loaders
 - d) Block structured languages

(4×5=20 Marks)

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Reg. No.

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, January/February 2006

Computer Science/Information Science and Engineering

Systems Software

Time: 3 hrs.)

(Max.Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- 1. (a) With reference to SIC/XC machine architecture explain
 - i) Instruction formats
- ii) addressing modes
- iii) Data formats
- ii) Register organisation

(10 Marks)

- (b) Differentiate between CISC and RISC machine architecture.
- (4 Marks)
- (c) Suppose that ALPHA is an array of 100 words. Write a sequence of instruction for SIC/XC to set all 100 elements of the array to 0. Use immediate addressing and register to register instructions to make process as efficient as possible.
- 2. (a) What are assembler directives? Give examples.

(2 Marks)

- (b) Explain the algorithm for one pass of two pass assembler.
- (10 Marks)
- (c) What is the need for relocation of the program? With an example explain how relocation can be done. (8 Marks)
- 3. (a) Briefly explain a simple boot-strap loader with an algorithm.

(8 Marks)

- (b) Explain with example the data structures used for a linking loader.
- (6 Marks)
- (c) With sketch explain how object program can be processed using linkage editor.

(6 Marks)

- 4. (a) List the different tables used for a macro processor. Explain their functions. (6 Marks)
 - (b) With an example explain conditional macro expansion.

(6 Marks)

- (c) Write a note on processing macro within language translators.
- (8 Marks)
- 5. (a) With suitable example explain lexical analysis phase of a compiler.

(10 Marks)

(b) Describe the code generation for a read statement.

(10 Marks)

6. (a) Explain the structure of lex program with example.

(6 Marks)

(b) Write a YACC program to recognize the grammar a $b^n/n > 0$.

(8 Marks)

(c) Explain with an example reduce-reduce conflicts and shift reduce conflicts.

(6 Marks)

Contd.... 2

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7. (a) Write a note on P-code complier.

(6 Marks)

(b) List the important tasks to be accomplished by a text editor for an interactive user - computer dialogue.

(4 Marks)

(c) With figure explain the structure of an editor.

(10 Marks)

- 8. Write short notes on:
 - (a) SPARC assembler
 - (b) Program blocks
 - (c) MASM macro processor
 - (d) Dynamic linking.

(5×4=20 Marks)

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NEW SCHEME		V

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July 2006 CS/IS

System Software

System Software	Marks:100
Time: 3 brs.1	Viaires. 100
Note: 1 Answer any FIVE questions.	
 a. Briefly explain architecture - resisters, instruction format, status addressing mode of SIC machine. b. Explain the following for Pentium pro architecture: i) Memory ii) Data formats iii) Instruction formats. c. Explain any 4 assembler directives of SIC/XE with examples. 	word and (10 Marks) (06 Marks) (04 Marks)
 a. Write an SIC/XE assembly language program to perform additi arrays of 100 words starting at locations ARRAYA and ARRAYE the resulting array at location ARRAYC. b. Explain various addressing modes used in SIC/XE machine with c. Briefly explain program relocation advantages and disadvantages. 	(08 Marks)
 a. Write algorithm of Pass2 of two-pass assembler. b. Give the difference between program blocks and control sections in detail processing of control sections. 	
 a. Explain the functions of loader. Also write an SIC/XE assemb program for bootstrap loader. b. Explain various data structures used for a linking loader. c. With examples explain any 5 loader options. 	(07 Marks) (05 Marks)
a. With a neat block diagram explain working of text editor.b. Explain the functions and capabilities of debugging.	(10 Marks) (10 Marks)
6 a. Define macro. Write algorithm for one pass macroprocessor	and explain. (10 Marts)
 b. Explain the following with examples. i) Concatenation of macro parameters. ii) Generation of unique labels. 	(10 Marks)
 a. Define parsing and explain with examples various proble encountered in recursive descent parsing. b. With examples explain any two machine independent techniques. c. Write code generation routine for Pascal READ statement. 	ems that are (06 Marks) optimization (08 Marks) (06 Marks)
 a. Briefly explain P-code compilers with a neat block diagram. b. Explain Parser-Lexer communication. c. Describe the YACC specification file. 	(06 Marks) (05 Marks) (09 Marks)



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NEW SCHEME

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec. 06 / Jan. 07 CS / IS

System Software

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. Bring out the difference between system software and application software.

(04 Marks)

- b. Explain SIC/XE machine instruction formats and all addressing modes, by clearly indicating setting of different flag bits. (10 Marks)
- c. Suppose that RECORD contains a 100 byte record. Write a subroutine for SIC/XE that will write this record on to device 05. Use immediate addressing and register-to-register instructions to make the subroutine as efficient as possible. (06 Marks)
- 2 a. Write and explain the algorithms of pass1 of two-pass assembler. (10 Marks)
 - b. Generate the machine code for the following:
 - i) +JSUB RDREC
 - ii) STL RETADR
 - iii) LDB #LENGTH

Assume the opcode for:

JSUB = 48H, STL = 14H and LDB = 68H

The location counter value for:

RDREC = 1036H, RETADR = 0030H and LENGTH = 0033H

(10 Marks)

3 a. Generate the object code for the program shown below:

LDX #0

LDT #100

Loop: TD INDEV

JEQ Loop

RD INDEV

STCH RECORD, X

TIXR T

JLT Loop

INDEV BYTE X 'F1'

RECORD RESB 100

END

Assume starting address 1000H

Opcode for mnemonics are as follows:

LDX = 04H, LDT = 74H, TD = EOH, JEQ = 30H, RD = D8H, STCH = 54H, TIXR = B8H, JLT = 38H (10 Marks)

- b. What is relocating loader? Explain the two methods for specifying relocation as a part of object program. (10 Marks)
- 4 a. Differentiate between a linking loader and linkage editor, with the help of suitable diagrams. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain a simple Boot-strap loader, with an algorithm or a source program. (10 Marks)

Contd.... 2

- a. What is an interactive editor? Explain briefly, structure of a typical editor with the 5 help of suitable block diagram. Also briefly discuss command language processor, (12 Marks) traveling, editing, viewing and display functions.
 - b. Explain the different debugging functions and debugging capabilities. (08 Marks)
- a. With regard to the machine-independent macroprocessor features, explain the 6 following:
 - i) Conditional macro expansion

ii) Keyword macro parameters.

(08 Marks)

- b. Write the algorithm for one pass macroprocessor and explain. Briefly discuss various (12 Marks) data structures required for a design of a macro processor.
- a. Explain recursive decent parsing. Write recursive decent parse for a READ (10 Marks) statement.
 - b. Briefly explain shift-reduce parsing.

(05 Marks)

c. Write explanatory notes on interpreter.

(05 Marks)

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a. Explain: 8

i) P-code compilers

ii) Compiler-compilers

(10 Marks)

b. i) Explain the structure of LEX program.

ii) Write a program in LEX to count the number of vowels and consonants in a (10 Marks) given string.

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NEW SCHEME

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July 2007 CS/IS

	System Software
Tin	me: 3 hrs.1 [Max. Marks:10
1 1.1.	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.
1	 a. Explain all the addressing modes supported by SIC/XE by indicating the different settings in an instruction. (08 Mar b). With reference to the VAX architecture, explain the following: i) Memory ii) Registers iii) data formats. (06 Mar c). c. Suppose a RECORD contains 100 byte record, write a subroutine for SIC/XE to will write this record into the output device 05. (06 Mar c).
2	 a. Write an algorithm for a two pass SIC assembler. b. What is the difference between literal and immediate operand. How does assembler handle the literal operands? c. Explain the following assembler directives with example each: i) EQU ii) BASE iii) START iv) RESB. (04 Man)
3	 a. Explain how relocation is implemented by relocating loader. b. Explain the algorithm for a linking loader. c. What is the difference between linkage editor and linking loader?
4	 a. Explain the various data structures used in the implementation of one pass made processor. (10 Ma) b. What is conditional macro expansion and how it is implemented? (10 Ma)
5	 a. Write recursive-parsing algorithm for assignment statement. b. Discuss the different possibilities for performing machine dependent optimization.
6	 a. Explain the issues involved in compiling block-structured languages. b. Explain the structure of text editor.
7	 a. Discuss some of the ways of performing storage allocation for a compiled prog (10 Ma) b. Explain briefly the debugging functions. (06 Ma) c. Explain the structure of a lex program. (04 Ma)
8	Write short notes on the following: a. Multi-pass assemblers b. SPARC assemblers c. Recursive macro expansion d. Bootstrap loader. (20 M

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec. 07 / Jan. 08 System Software Max. Marks:100

Time: 3 hrs.

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

- With examples, show the target address calculation with different addressing modes of 1
 - b. Discuss about memory, addressing modes, registers and data formats of CRAY-T3E machine.
- a. List various data structures used in the assembling process. With an algorithm explain the usage of these data structures in pass-two of a two-pass assembler. 2
 - b. Show the structure of a head record, text record and modification record taking one example for each. (04 Marks)
 - What is LTORG? When is it used? Explain with an example.
- a. What is a program block? How multiple program blocks are handled by assemblers? 3
 - b. Compare a two-pass assembler with a single pass assembler. How forward references are handled in one-pass assembler?
- a. What are the basic functions of a loader? Develop an algorithm for a bootstrap loader. 4
 - b. How relocation is done using bit masking and modification records? Explain. (04 Marks)
 - c. Explain the procedure of program linking when the subprograms use external references.
- What is a macro? Develop a program for processing macro definitions and macro calls. 5
 - b. With examples explain how unique labels are generated during macro expansions.

(08 Marks)

- What are the main functions of a compiler? List all phases of a compiler. (04 Marks) 6
 - Develop an algorithm for parsing arithmetic expressions using recursive descent parser.
 - (06 Marks)
 - Write a note on intermediate code generation.
 - a. Explain the structure of Lex and YACC programs. Show the procedure to get a parser
 - b. Explain how grammar conflicts are handled by YACC? Write a YACC program for a desktop calculator.
 - Write short notes on: 8
 - a. Editors

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- b. CISC machines
- c. Conditional macro expansion
- d. Automatic library search.

(20 Marks)

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.08/Jan.09 System Software

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. Bring out the differences between Application software and System software. (04 Marks)
 - Explain SIC/XE machine instruction formats and all addressing modes by clearly indicating the setting of different flag bits. (10 Marks)
 - Write a subroutine in SIC/XE to read a 100-byte record from a device 'F5' into BUFFER. Use immediate and register-to-register instructions. (06 Marks)
- Write and explain the algorithm of PASS-1 of two-pass assembler.

(10 Marks)

Generate the complete object program for the following assembly level program.

SUM	START	0
FIRST	CLEAR	X
	LDA	#0
	+LDB	#TOTAL
	BASE	TOTAL
LOOP	ADD	TABLE, X
	TIX	COUNT
	JLT	LOOP
	STA	TOTAL
COUNT	RESW	1
TABLE	RESW	2000
TOTAL	RESW	1
	END	FIRST

Assume below opcodes (all in hexadecimal)

- 3 a. Distinguish between literal and immediate operands. How does the assembler handle the literal operand? (04 Marks)
 - Compare a two-pass assembler with a one-pass assembler. How forward references are handled in one-pass assemblers? (10 Marks)
 - c. Write a note on MASM assembler.

(06 Marks)

- 4 a. Give and explain the algorithm or source program for a simple Bootstrap loader. (08 Marks)
 - b. Distinguish between linking loader and linkage editors. (04 Marks)
 - c. Explain dynamic linking with suitable diagrams.

(08 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. Explain the structure of a text editor with a neat diagram. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the functions and capabilities of an interactive debugging system.
 - 2. Write a note on the aspect of user-interface criteria.

(06 Marks) (04 Marks)

6 a. What are the basic functions of macroprocessor? Explain the various data structures used in the implementation of a one-pass macroprocessor. (10 Marks)

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b. Using the following definition, expand the following macro calls, called in sequence.
   (i) LABEL RDBUFF F2, BUFFER, LENGTH, (04, 12)
              RDBUFF OE, BUFF, RLENG, , 2048
   (ii)
      RDBUFF MACRO &INDEV, &BUFADR, &RECLTH, &EOR, &MAXLTH
      &EORCT
                  SET
                                %NITEMS (&EOR)
                  CLAER
                                X
                  CLEAR
                                (&MAXLTH EQ
                  IF
                  +LDT
                                #4096
                  ELSE
                  +LDT
                                #&MAXLTH
                  ENDIF
      $LOOP
                  TD
                                =X '&INDEV'
                  JEQ
                                $LOOP
                  RD
                                =X '&INDEV'
      &CTR
                  SET
                                (&CTR LE &EORCT)
                  WHILE
                  COMP
                                =X '0000 \&EOR[\&CTR]'
                                $EXIT
                  JEQ
      &CTR
                  SET
                                &CTR+1
                  ENDW
                  STCH
                                &BUFADR, X
                  TIXR
                                T
                  JLT
                                $LOOP
      $EXIT
                  STX
                                &RECLTH
                  MEND
                                                                        (07 Marks)
   Write a short note on 'Keyword macro parameters'.
                                                                        (03 Marks)
   List and explain the different design options for a macro processor.
                                                                        (12 Marks)
b. Write a short note on 'Parser – lexer communication'.
                                                                        (03 Marks)
c. Write a LEX program to count the number of vowels and consonants in a given string.
                                                                        (05 Marks)
```

8 a. Explain regular expressions in UNIX with proper examples. (06 Marks)

b. Explain the structure of a YACC program.

(06 Marks)

c. Give the LEX and YACC specifications to recognize parenthesized arithmetic expressions.

(08 Marks)

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or Equations written eg, 42+8≐50, will be treated as malpractice On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 4. 5 Important Note:

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.09/Jan.10 System Software

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing at least two from each part.

PART-A

- 1 a. What is system software? Differentiate it from application software. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the instruction formats and addressing modes of SIC/XE machine architecture.

(10 Marks)

c. Explain with an example, a simple input and output on SIC/XE machine architecture.

(04 Marks)

- 2 a. What are the fundamental functions of any assembler? With an example, explain any six assembler directives. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the data structures used in assembler algorithms.

(06 Marks)

c. What is program relocation? Explain the problems associated with it and their solutions.

(04 Marks)

3 a. What are literals? Differentiate literals from immediate operands.

(04 Marks)

b. Explain the structure of load-and-go assembler.

- (06 Marks)
- Explain how multipass assembler handles the following forward reference.
 - 1 HALFSZ

EQU

MAXLEN/2

- 2 MAXLEN EQU
- BUFEND-BUFFER
- 3 PREVBT EQU
- BUFFER 1
- 4 BUFFER RES
 - **RESB** 4096

5 BUFFEND EQU *

Assume that, when assembler goes to line 4, location counter contains 1.34(hex). (10 Marks)

- 4 a. Briefly explain the boot strap loader, with the algorithm. (10 Marks)
 - b. With a diagram, explain how object program can be processed using linkage editor.

(10 Marks)

PART-B

- a. What is an interactive editor? Explain the typical editor structure. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the different debugging functions and capabilities.

(10 Marks)

- 6 a. Explain the data structures involved n macroprocessor algorithms. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of general purpose macroprocessors. (08 Marks)
 - c. Explain the features of MASM macroprocessor.

(06 Marks)

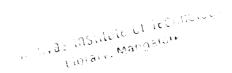
7 a. Explain three basic sections of a LEX program.

(08 Marks)

(10 Marks)

- b. What is regular expression? Briefly explain all the characters that form regular expression.
 (12 Marks)
- 8 a. What is shift/reduce parsing? Explain the parsing of the input "fred = 12 + 13" and represent it using parse tree. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the ambiguity while passing $2 + 3 \times 4$. Explain the solution for it.





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06CS52

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, May/June 2010 Systems Software

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 a. List out registers used in SIC machine architecture along with their use. (07 Marks)
 - b. Write a sequence of instructions for SIC/XE to set ALPHA equal to GAMMA* BEETA 9. (Use register operation). (05 Marks)
 - c. Write a program in both SIC and SIC/XE to copy a character string 'System Software' to another character string. (08 Marks)
- 2 a. Define the following with an example: i) Operation code table ii) Symbol table.

(06 Marks)

b. Generate the complete object program for the following assembly level program with the symbol table. Assume: (14 Marks)

CLEAR = B4 LDT = 74 TD = EO JEQ = 30
TIXR = B8 JLT = 38 RSUB = 4C LDCH = 50
WD = DC
$$X = 1$$
 $T = 5$

START	105D	
CLEAR	X	
LDT	LENGTH	
TD	OUTPUT	
JEQ	WLOOP	
LDCH	BUFFER, X	
WD	OUTPUT	
TIXR	T	
JLT	WLOOP	
RSUB		
BYTE	X '05'	
RESB	400	
RESB	2	
END	WRREC	
	CLEAR LDT TD JEQ LDCH WD TIXR JLT RSUB BYTE RESB RESB	CLEAR X LDT LENGTH TD OUTPUT JEQ WLOOP LDCH BUFFER, X WD OUTPUT TIXR T JLT WLOOP RSUB BYTE X '05' RESB 400 RESB 2

3 a. Describe how the assembler handles literal operands.

(06 Marks)

b. Give the format for DEFINE and REFER records.

(06 Marks)

c. Explain load and go assembler, with an example.

(08 Marks)

- 4 a. With the help of an example, show how relocation and linking operations are performed.
 - b. Enlist any four different loader option commands.

(12 Marks) (04 Marks)

- c. Define the following: i) Linking loader
- ii) Dynamic linking.
- (04 Marks)

PART - B

5	a.	List the important four	tasks t	o be	accomplished	by	a text	editor	for ar	interactive user
		computer dialogue.								(04 Marks)

b. Discuss three basic types of computing environments for editors.

(06 Marks)

c. Define tracing and trace back in debugging functions.

(04 Marks)

d. Write a note on the concept of user interface criteria in a text editor.

(06 Marks)

a. Write an algorithm for one pass macro processor. 6

(10 Marks) (10 Marks)

b. RDBUFF HACRO & INDEV, & BUFADR, & RECLTH, & EOR

& EORCT	SET	% N ITEMS (& EOR)
	CLEAR	X
	CLEAR	A
	+ LDT	# 4096
\$ LOOP	TD	= X '& INDEV'
	JEQ	\$ LOOP
	RD	= X '& INDEV'
& CTR	SET	1
	WHILE	(& CTR LE & EORCT)
	COMP	= X '0000 & EOR [& CTR]'
	JEQ	\$ EXIT
& CTR	SET	& CTR + 1
	END W	
	STCH	& BUFADR, X
	TIXR	T
	JLT	\$ LOOP
\$ EXIT	STX	& RECLTH
	MEND	

Expand the following macro invocation statements using the above given macro.

- i) RDBUFF F1, BUFFER, Length, (04, 12)
- ii) RDBUFF F1, BUFFER, Length
- a. Write a note on ANSI C macro language.

(05 Marks)

- b. Explain the following regular expressions with examples:
 - ii) { }

iii) / iv) ()

(08 Marks)

- c. Explain various sections of a LEX specification using a basic word count program by reading from a file. (07 Marks)
- a. Define YACC tools. What are the two types of conflicts in YACC? Give examples. 8

(08 Marks)

- b. Write YACC program to validate a simple arithmetic expression involving operators +,-,*,/. (08 Marks)
- c. Define and explain the use of YY wva p().

(04 Marks)
